

Gender Equality in Uzbekistan

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Abstract: Today, society and the era itself demand that all aspects of democracy be applied in the process of integration and globalization. One of these demands is gender equality.

Equality is one of the main principles of a fair society, which expresses the equality of all individuals, strata, groups, parties, etc. before the law. own property, access to qualified medical services, receive social security in case of incapacity for work in old age, freedom of thought, speech and belief, voting and being elected.



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INTRODUCTION

It is not an exaggeration to say that in our country today, large-scale positive changes are being made in all aspects, and reforms are being carried out to ensure the welfare of society and people. Along with these reforms, large-scale work is being carried out to increase the activity of women and to achieve the principle of equality in society in order to ensure the development and future of our society.

More than 60 percent of the population of Uzbekistan are young people under the age of 30. Half of them are undoubtedly women. Harnessing the untapped potential of youth and women not only contributes to economic growth, but also promotes human rights and strengthens social cohesion. Based on this, we can say that we should pay attention to the issues of gender equality, youth and migration.

As a result of the reforms carried out in our country in recent years, strong legal foundations have been established in the Republic of Uzbekistan for ensuring equal rights and opportunities for women and men in all spheres of public life and activity, and protecting women from oppression and violence. was created. In particular, the law "On guarantees of equal rights and opportunities for women and girls and men" was adopted and the decision "On approval of the strategy of achieving gender equality in the Republic of Uzbekistan until 2030" was adopted. According to it, more than 1,300 women are working in leadership positions in the system of state and public organizations, including 45 in ministries and agencies, 39 in the administration of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Cabinet of Ministers, 207 in local government bodies. It should be noted that 33% of the deputies of the Legislative Chamber of the Oliy Majlis, 25% of the members of the Senate, and 25% of the deputies of the local councils are women. Through these indicators , Uzbekistan rose from 130th place to 45th place in the "Women in Parliament" part of the world ranking "Women in Politics" conducted by the Inter-Parliamentary Union . It can be seen that women, like men, are gradually working in state bodies. It is a clear example of one of the goals of gender equality being realized.

The main principles of ensuring gender equality:

1. Legality.
2. Democracy.
3. Equal rights of women, girls and men.
4. Avoid discrimination based on gender
5. Openness and transparency.

Gender statistics of state statistics on the status of women and men in all spheres of public life and activity, including information on the status of women and men separately for each gender, the relevant information of individuals of different sexes in all spheres of socio-political life. the part that reflects gender problems and their relations in society .

As long as there is gender equality, violence against women and their discrimination will be stopped. After all, it is necessary to ensure the rights of men. In this regard, Uzbekistan is taking steps together with the world community.

In conclusion, we can say that although some positive results have been achieved as a result of the reforms implemented in this issue today, we cannot say that this issue has been fully resolved. It is true that most of the family conflicts are not recognized by men, and their rights and opportunities are not recognized. In recent years, efforts to ensure gender equality and increase the role of women in social and political life have been carried out in several directions:

- Improving legislation on women's rights;
- Improvement of the institutional framework for the protection of women;
- raising public awareness of gender equality and women's rights;

In turn, the UN team in Uzbekistan continues to provide comprehensive assistance to the country to ensure gender equality within the framework of the "Sustainable Development Cooperation Program for 2021-2025", which is currently being developed with extensive consultations of all national partners and other stakeholders. is enough.

Therefore, our President Sh. Mirziyoyev proposed to create a new committee in the Senate of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The president said: "I multiply the stereotype that has appeared in the minds of our people. Usually we respect a woman first of all as a mother, a guardian of the family fortress. This is undoubtedly true, but today every woman should not be an ordinary observer, but also an active and proactive participant in the democratic changes taking place in the country. These sentences show that women have a special place in the state, society, and family in New Uzbekistan.

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